



#### **Gardening with Natives**

- 1. Why plant natives?
- 2. Selecting native plants
- 3. Planting natives
- 4. Maintaining natives
- 5. Questions

Cornus glabrata
Brown Twig Dogwood



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#### **Why Plant Natives?**



Ceanothus 'Valley Violet'



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# Conventional yards Lawn and Asian shrubs

- a. Status symbol
- b. Neatness we can understand
- c. Static and unchanging
- d. Nurseries offer plants adapted to nurseries

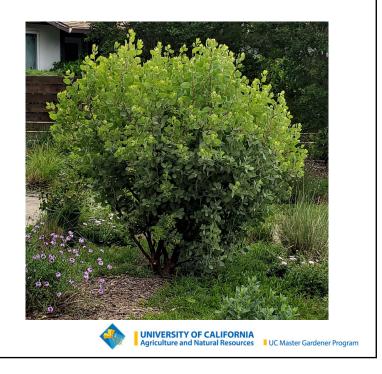




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#### **Native Gardens**

- a. Sustainabile
- b. Easy to grow
- c. Interesting
- d.Biodiversity



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#### Sustainabile

We are stewards of our land

- 1. Habitat for pollinators
- 2. Habitat for birds and other animals
- 3. Soil building

Penstemon 'Margarita BOP'



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## **Easy to grow**

- Low water
- No mowing, little pruning
- No fertilizers, chemicals

# Interesting

- Educational
- Bird watching
- Seasonal changes

Epilobium 'Marin Pink' California Fuchsia



## **Biodiversity**



- Interconnected web
- Habitat gardens
- Soil building

Symphyotrichum chilense California Aster



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#### **Habitat for Birds**

I takes 5,000-9,000 caterpillars to raise one clutch of chickadees\*

Most caterpillars will only feed on one type of plant

\*Douglas Tallamy



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#### **Habitat for Pollinators**

- Bees, wasps, and tiny creatures
- Butterflies: nectar for adults, host plants for caterpillars
- Hummingbirds: tubular flowers

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## **Selecting Plants**

- Analyze the site
- Design needs



## **Analyze the site**

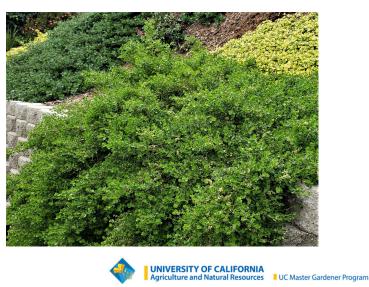
- 1. Soil and drainage
- 2. Sun/Shade
- 3. Water
- 4. Critters

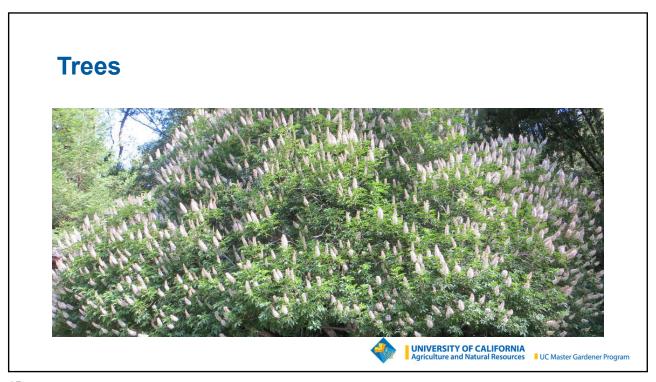


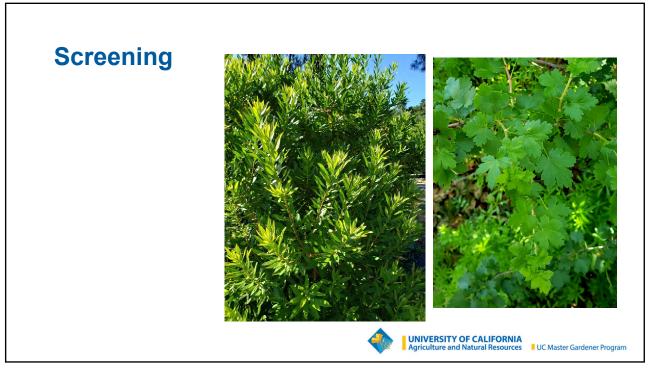
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## **Assess landscape needs**

- 1. Trees
- 2. Screening
- 3. Structural shrubs
- 4. Sculptural
- 5. Groundcovers
- 6. Infill

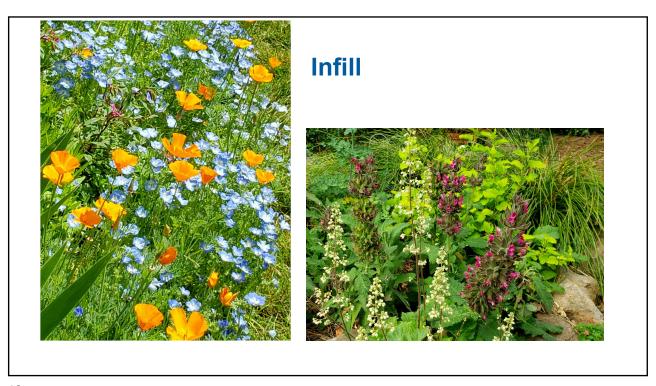


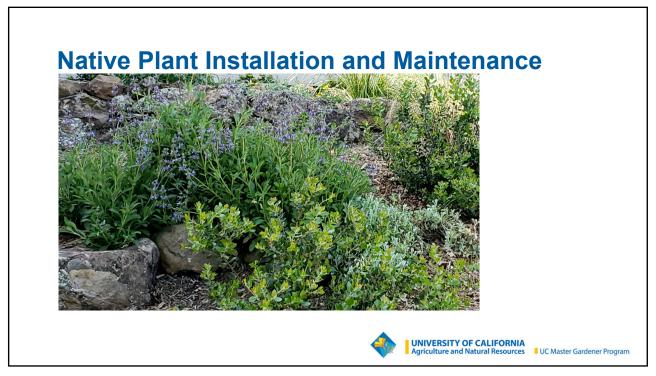


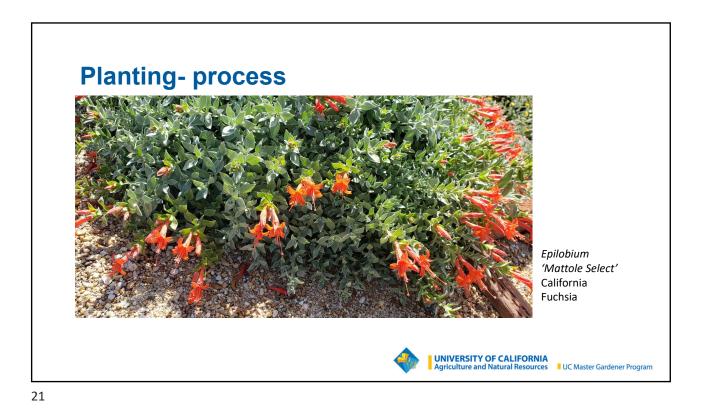




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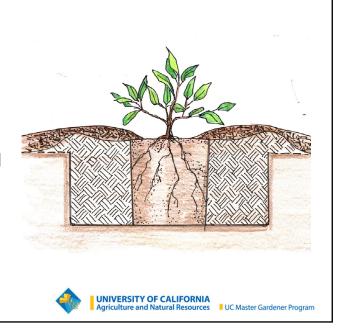






#### **Planting**

- Dig hole twice as wide as rootball, 1-2" shallower
- Fill hole with water, drain
- Plant rootball high
- Check/score roots if needed
- Backfill- no amendment or fertilizer
- Water in thoroughly



#### Watering

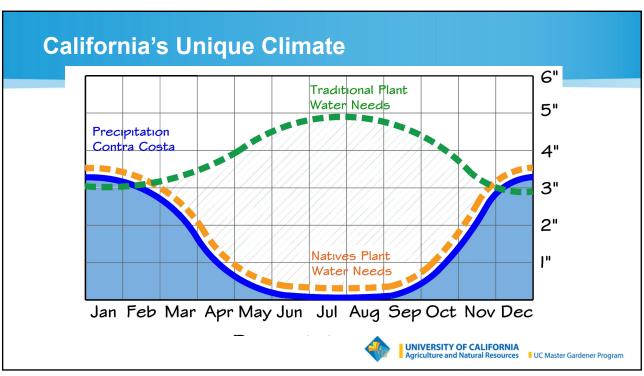
- First year
- **Summer Water**
- Winter Water
- Irrigation:
  - In line drip
  - Point source drip
  - Hand watering

Calycanthus occidentalis Spice Bush



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#### Watering

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  - Point source drip
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# **Keeping it Neat**

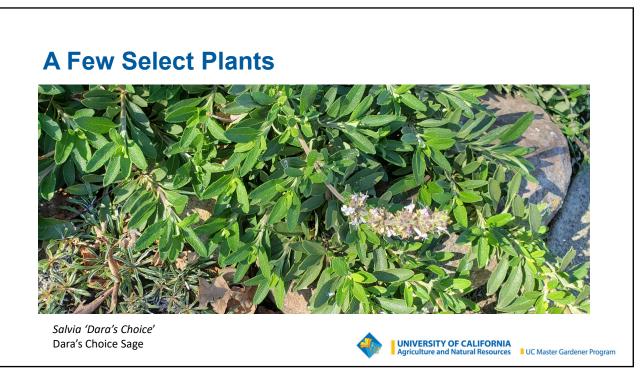
#### **Pruning**

- Heading for density
- Thinning- for sculptural shape
- Removal- for mat forming plants
- Coppicing- extreme cutting back





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#### Ceanothus

• Ceanothus griseus horizontalis

• Ceanothus 'Concha'

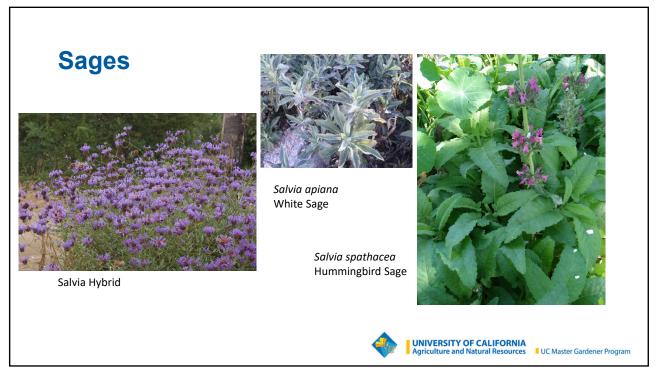


#### **Manzanitas**

• Arctostaphylos 'Emerald Carpet'

• Arctostaphylos 'Dr Hurd'

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#### **Buckwheats**



Eriogonum 'Warriner Lytle' Warriner Lytle Buckwheat



Eriogonum grande rubescens Red Flowering Buckwheat



Eriogonum umbellatum Sulfur Buckwheat



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#### References

#### Pollinators:

https://arboretum.ucdavis.edu/blog/support-california-native-bees-these-10-plants

https://arboretum.sf.ucdavis.edu/blog/bey ond-honey-bee-learn-more-aboutcalifornia-native-bees

https://xerces.org/publications/plant-lists/pollinator-plants-california

#### Natives plant care:

https://marinmg.ucanr.edu/CARE/PLANTCA RE/CANatives/ planting process:

https://acmg.ucanr.edu/Over\_the\_Fence/P lanting\_California\_Natives/

maintaining pruning tools:

https://ucanr.edu/datastoreFiles/268-723.pdf

#### watering natives:

https://www.cnps.org/gardening/prepping -and-planting/watering



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# QUESTIONS?